STATE OF NEVADA 1 NEVADA TAXICAB AUTHORITY 2 DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY 3 Thursday, September 26, 2019 4 5 OLSEN: We'll call the meeting to order. Agenda б 7 Item 1, Pledge of Allegiance. Because it's your birthday Mr. 8 Groover, would you lead us, please? 9 GROOVER: I will. OLSEN: Thank you. 10 [Pledge of Allegiance recited] 11 12 **GROOVER:** Thank you. Okay, Mr. Administrator, are we in 13 OLSEN: 14 compliance with the Open Meeting Law? 15 We are, sir. And Mr. Chairman, I'd like WHITTEMORE: 16 to note just if I can, on the Agenda it explains where the meeting was noticed and physical hard copy. I would also like 17 to draw your attention, because it's a public hearing, we have 18 to provide notice. We published notice in the Las Vegas 19 20 Review Journal on September [inaudible] 2019, so in addition 21 we emailed this Agenda to all the ownership groups. 22 different ways it was provided notice; I'm confident everybody 23 was on the same page. Okay, perfect. Thank you. All right, 24 OLSEN:

Item 2, Public Comment. We've got a little bit larger than

normal. Anybody want to come up now during public comment and make any statements? Come on up and identify yourself and who you're with.

LEPORE: Good morning, Members of the Board, Mr. Chairman. My name is Ralph LePore. I'm with the Department of Aviation, the Deputy Director for McCarran Airport. I'm here to just speak on real quickly on the hearing you have today regarding the creation zones for flat fee.

And I just wanted you to know that based on [inaudible] at McCarran Airport that we are in support of this measure here today as we see this will be a great opportunity to enhance the guest experience for our community as well as for our resort patrons. So, I just wanted to be here to comment on that and that we are in support of that.

OLSEN: Thank you very much.

LAPORE: Thank you, sir.

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OLSEN: Anybody else? Come on up.

SOTO: Maria Soto, LVCVA, Traffic. I just wanted to give a quick update on service for the Convention Center.

For the last month of September, we saw a great service during Lowrider, Mr. Olympia, which brought in about 45,000 attendees, was extremely busy, for our transportation industry there.

And then the last show that just wrapped up which was Pack Expo with 45,000 people who received excellent service

during that as well. We do have several shows coming up for the month of October with Mecum Auto, 15,000 people, which is a huge draw for people with transportation needs as well as MBAA with 25,000 people coming October 22^{nd} to the 24^{th} .

Right around the corner is SEMA, which will be coming in with approximately 180,000 people. Once again, all our outdoor space which is used for parking will not be available so we'll be looking to the industry to provide service in our transportation center for that. And we will be scheduling a neighborhood meeting in the next couple of weeks and we'll be inviting all the transportation industry in so that we can give them our transportation and traffic plan for that event, so they know exactly where to go and how to access property.

As many of you know that have been around the Convention Center lately, we have a lot of projects going on, so we have the McCarran project which is happening on McCarran Avenue between Paradise and Maryland Parkway which is affecting traffic down on Joe Brown and McCarran. We're down to limited lanes of one-way in each direction over there. We will continue to send updates out on that. Right now, I'm offering suggestions to use Desert Inn or to come in off of Swenson to access property and use Paradise.

We also have several projects going on. Convention

Center Drive [inaudible] gas working on Las Vegas Boulevard

toward Kishner, and then our expansion project, which is

working off of Paradise and Convention Center Drive as well as Elvis Presley.

There will be a water district project which will be starting on Paradise running from Convention Center Drive all the way down to Twain starting in late spring 2020, so we'll be sending that information out as well to provide options for the industry on how to access our property as we move forward.

Then in the future we're looking at the NFL draft coming in April, so we'll be assisting with transportation information in regards to that. Some of you attended the meeting so you have information on that. And just gearing up for CON EXPO coming up. We'll have no parking again as all our parking will be used for exhibit space.

So, again, we'll be reaching out to the transportation industry for assistance in providing transportation and meeting our attendee needs. That's about all I have.

OLSEN: Okay. Thank you very much.

SOTO: Questions? No.

OLSEN: It's public comment, no discussion.

Thank you though. Somebody - oh, come on up. Identify yourself and who you're with, please.

REBELOS: Good morning, Athan Rebelos with Curb

Mobility. We're a vendor for several taxi companies in Las

Vegas and I believe we didn't sign up as an intervener so my

understanding is this is the only point where I can make a

comment before the Agenda Item that I'm interested in comes up. So, I just wanted to touch on a few points.

I actually just flew in last night from the Regulator's Conference up in Calgary, and you'll probably feel or be assured to know that the industry is moving towards transparency as a whole and sort of the consensus of regulators around North America and globally, actually.

I also want to make it clear that we support the taxi industry. That's what we do. That's our business, and in doing so, we comply with all regulations as needed to support the taxi fees. We do have our systems in about 65,000 taxis in North America. Several of those markets have flat rates in some form or another and we are capable of doing that and we look forward to seeing how this plays out and what you're going to expect from the fleets.

So, but having all this experience, we've been doing this for just about 25 years, I'd like to just highlight what we think are important points that you need to make sure are covered before doing anything.

The flight I took from Calgary to Las Vegas had a lot of non-English speakers on it. About 20 percent of the people on the plane didn't speak English. Some of them spoke French, and as most of you probably know, in Canada any time they make an announcement they make it in English and French. There's a

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large Asian population, so there were a lot of Asian folks who don't speak English.

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So, any solution you come up with needs to be something that can work for non-English speakers who are visiting Las Vegas who may not be able to identify the name of their hotel or communicate well with the driver. You also need to consider ADA, so our machines in the cabs in Las Vegas are ADA compliant. They work well for people who have sight issues, blind folks and people with disabilities.

You need to consider driver manipulation because people with disabilities may not be able to see or interact with the device or with the software, so you have to make sure that that can be done. Finally, one more thing, it needs to be simple, and you need to keep the taxi line moving. Obviously, when you're busy, if a taxi line, anything is slowing you down, if there's a communication issue in the cab that's going to slow down your taxi line.

So those are just some points I wanted to touch on.

Again, I'm glad to see that this dialogue is happening. I'm actually [inaudible] because a year ago the taxi industry was not looking very good, but there's a lot happening, a lot of activity, there's new regulations all across North America, and new ideas from all the taxi companies as well.

So, having said that, you know, that's pretty much all I have to say, and I'll be here for the entire meeting.

1 OLSEN: Thank you.
2 REBELOS: Thank you.

OLSEN: Anybody else? Okay, seeing none, move on to Agenda Item 3, Approval of the Minutes from the July 25th Board Meeting. Everybody get a chance to look them over? Is there a motion to accept the Minutes as written?

GROOVER: I'll make a motion to accept the Minutes.

OLSEN: We have a motion by Member Groover. Is

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HOLMES: I second.

OLSEN: And a second by Vicki - I'm sorry.

HOLMES: Holmes. [laughs]

OLSEN: All in favor, aye.

[ayes around]

OLSEN: Opposed? Passes. Thank you. Agenda Item 4, Hearing on the rates, charges or fares to and from McCarran to include creation of zones or flat fee to certain resort hotel properties within the adjacent – excuse me, within or adjacent to the Las Vegas Strip corridor. This is for discussion and for possible action. Interveners are A CAB ITPEU, Liberty Operators Association, Lucky, Nellis, Western and Yellow Trucker Star Cab Companies. Mr. Administrator.

WHITTEMORE: Thank you. Good morning, Mr. Chair,

Members of the Board. This is a culmination of several months

of informal workshops with the agency and industry to arrive here today at what I believe is close to universal consensus.

I want to start off with we've had an opportunity to work on this several times. It's important that the Board understands this is your opportunity to ask questions, make statements, and stop me at any point. This is not my show; this is your show. So, I do want to put that out there. At any time, please interrupt.

As we begin, two rules of PowerPoint keep it short, keep it simple. I will do my best to do both, but this is about 50 years of regulatory experience that we're trying to cram into a PowerPoint, but hopefully it gives you an idea of what we talked about and where we're going.

So, today you have three options before you. Maintain the status quo, one flat fee which would cover the entire Las Vegas Strip corridor, and then zones. So, here are the important Nevada Revised Statutes and Regulations. Always best to start with the law. I will be brief.

A taxicab, how we define it, it uses a taximeter or some other device, method of system to indicate and determine the passenger fare charge. So, this is important. Historically we've operated on a meter, but the law does provide for a method or system to indicate the passenger fare. Your authority here today is to adjust, alter or change the rates,

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charges or fares for taxicab service. Looking at a taximeter again it's defined to include a method or system.

Over at the top there, NRS 706, The Taxicab Authority may attach to the exercise of the rights granted by the certificate any terms and conditions which in its judgment the public interest may require. Please keep those two words in mind, "public interest."

NAC 706, one of our regulations, states that, a hearing concerning charges or fares may be initiated by the Authority, which that's this case here today. There's not an application from the industry. It is the Authority taking this matter up. Except upon a showing that the public interest requires otherwise, the rates, charges or fares of all holders of a certificate in a county will be uniform. So this is important, too, to consider again. What does the public interest require?

So, here are the arguments. Let's start at the beginning and kind of frame it. Provide taxi customers certainty and transparency to and from airport and the Las Vegas Strip resort corridor. They reinforce the regulatory model, uniform rates and it's a level playing field. It eliminates long hauling to and from the airport. That is certainly the goal.

It allows drivers to use the most efficient route possible, reducing congestion and idle times. And of course, improving customer satisfaction and experience and restoring

customer trust. So those are my five arguments as to why either a flat fare or zones is appropriate for you all to consider.

So if I can, just starting at the beginning, why are taxis regulated? What's wrong with the free market? Well taxi regulations exist to prevent every single person with a phone and car from offering taxi service. Back in the day if everybody rushed out in their car and had somebody on the telephone telling them where to go there would be no taxi market. There would be economic collapse. There would be too many taxis on the road.

It prevents unvetted drivers and cars. You got to know who's driving the car; you got to know the condition of the car. It prevents congestion. That was certainly part of it. And again, these regulations are as we've heard, around the world, around North American, around the U.S. This is not unique to Las Vegas, but this model - this is the reason behind it.

To provide uniform rates, fees and charges to the public. This prevents a race to the bottom. This is a super important point. If one certificate holder found out that you were going to charge X on a given day and they had deeper pockets than you, they could charge less on the next day and next day you both posted the same number; on the next day deeper

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pockets posted a lower number. That race to the bottom would kill the market.

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So, regulatory environment exists to say no, there's one rate we all have to charge. So what does that do? It insures safety, certainly and a sustainable service.

Here's our mission, mission the taxicab authorities provide for the safety, comfort and convenience of the taxi riding public through the regulation of the taxicab industry. There's 16 certificated companies. We currently have 3,530 medallions approved maximum taxi vehicles. Uniform rates, fees and charges to the public, annual inspection of every vehicle. And here are 6,734 vetted drivers who must pass an FBI fingerprint background check.

So, let's just dive right in, long hauling. Famous phrase, getting taken for a ride. So, a driver shall not intentionally take a longer route to the passenger's destination than is necessary. If a driver intends to take a longer route, they must first get permission from the customer.

And again, Members of the Board, I tend to speak fast, I've thought about this stuff for the last 15 months. We've workshopped this, but if at any point you want to stop and slow down, please let me know.

Here's our current long-haul penalty schedule. It provides discretion to me. The Administrator may impose the

following sanctions for violations. Also note at the bottom there it lets you know the last time the NRS was amended, in 1977. So that's the current fine schedule. What it's suggesting is for a first offense [audio cut] [inaudible] okay [inaudible] may impose the following sanctions. But again, it hasn't been amended since 1977.

Here we are today. The TA has adjudicated over 3,300 long-haul citations since 2013. I promise you our staff is busy. My staff does a great job. I'm proud of them. But here are some of the articles that the press has written, right? I think the Board has been very clear. Mr. Chairman, you've been very clear in your approach that we will address long hauling.

Time Magazine wrote this headline, "There's Just No Stopping Las Vegas Taxi Drivers from Overcharging Tourists." Well, let's find out. So, again, 1977 Las Vegas, Stardust, the Frontier, I wasn't even born yet. [laughter] \$100 in 1977 in today's dollars is \$423, okay? So, this is another NRS granted by the Legislature.

The Administrator may at any time for good cause shown penalize the grantee of a driver's permit to a maximum amount of \$500 or suspend or revoke the certificate or driver's permit granted by the Taxicab Authority or Administrator. So, for good cause shown.

What does long-hauling look like? This is just

September; these are just some highlights or lowlights

depending on your perspective. McCarran Airport to the

Westgate up there, that's just off of Joe Brown or in that

are, \$48. Airport to Marriott Residence Inn just south of

there, \$45. Airport to Caesars, \$41. Airport to Wynn, \$38,

Treasure Island, Mirage Paris, ARIA, LINQ, Venetian, all above

\$30.

These are complaints that were either emailed, called in or my staff was able to uncover through routine patrol. I'm going to highlight this. I apologize. It's not very easy to see, but the column, Mr. Chairman and Members of the Board is that pay column that I want you to look at. This is an electronic trip sheet. This is one driver. The fares are \$44, \$44, \$43, \$43, \$43, \$33, \$29, \$38, \$32, \$40, \$49, and \$22.

When we pull the trip data on this, the majority of these are from McCarran to the Strip. We got a complaint on one of these which means the other one of these in fairness to the driver or the industry, the passenger may have agreed to go the longer route, but the reality is people are paying \$40 in some instances to go to the Las Vegas Strip.

This is a problem. I think the industry recognizes it's a problem. This is why we have workshops. I want to be on the record and be very clear about this. There are bad apples

in this industry. It is not an industry-wide problem. 3,300 citations out of the 100 million plus rides given in that seven-year period gives you an idea, but it's a problem, and this is not unique to Las Vegas. Long hauling exists all around the world.

But this is one driver on one day acting in his mind or her mind with impunity and that this Board and I will sanction it. And that's why we're here today to say we don't sanction it. We will put an end to this.

So, as part of this I'm announcing a Zero Tolerance Policy assuming we move forward with the status quo which would be under that good cause shown up to \$500. I want to be very clear about this. It's not an automatic \$500. If it's for egregious long hauling which we can identify, first offense, \$500 up to. Second offense, suspension or revocation. Third offense, revocation.

Again, this is discretionary and it's up to, but the point is we're sending a signal. Well, how do we know this is fair, right? We have to deliver due process.

So, step one is a citation is adjudicated in front of an impartial administrative law judge. It's prosecuted by the Deputy Attorney General. I don't set what the fine amount is being sought. I take no part in that. I make a recommendation to the Deputy Attorney General. They then prosecute the case,

evidence is presented, witnesses or complaints can be crossexamined by the respondent.

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Step two, assuming they don't like that outcome they can appeal that case to you all. In the 15 months that I've been here, we've seen one appeal.

Step three, any decision of the Board can be the subject of a Petition for Judicial Review in District Court. This is super important because it means that if they come before my hearing officer and a hearing officer - they don't like that decision and they come before the Board and they don't like that decision, they can always go to court and appear in front of a judge. In my experience this has not happened.

Okay, that's long hauling. I think we can move on to what we're here to really try and not talk about the past but let's talk about the future. So, here's the market snapshot today. 84.3 percent of the trips that originate at the airport go to the Strip.

And again, let me just clarify, down there at the bottom. This is a July/August snapshot. This data was provided by Kaptyn, a subsidiary of Kaptyn, Triad TransTech. I want to thank Kaptyn's efforts. They have worked with us every step of the way. They participated in the workshops. They have worked many hours on this to provide this data.

Kaptyn is a third-party vendor, right? They are a technology company that has fleet asset management tools, so

they're collecting data based on the GPS, that's how we can see this market snapshot. So, 84.3 percent of the trips that originate at the airport go to the Strip. 41 percent of those trips use the tunnel. We cannot assume that just because they use the tunnel it's a long haul. The passenger may request the fastest route.

42.8 percent of those trips were more \$25. 23 percent, almost a quarter, of those trips were more than \$30. So, keep that number in mind. A quarter of those trips were more than \$30.

So, let's talk about traffic. This doesn't just affect our tourists. It affects all of us. Every minute a visitor spends stuck in congested traffic is a minute they are spent unhappy. They are uncertain about their final fare if that meter keep clicking up and it's costing our resorts money. These are real pictures of the Las Vegas Strip. That's the Strip at night, probably on a weekend. That's the Strip during the day, again, probably on a weekend.

But this is reality. We are seeing more and more — it is not crowded. The Las Vegas Strip is now congested. I would say that's a problem with the Nevada Resort Association for every single one of those resorts. Why aren't we moving people around better?

Again, congestion is real. What are some of the tools we can do? Well, we can open the tunnel and give drivers

options. Not just Paradise/Swenson to Tropicana and Flamingo, but now use the tunnel connector to 215 and I-15. This allows drivers to use whichever route is faster. Customers arrive at their destination more quickly without hassle. It's better customer service. After all it is a business.

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Drivers are incentivized to take as many trips as possible, more money for them. This is a win/win and it's good business. If drivers are making decisions in real time based on a real time knowledge of congestion, they will deliver the passenger to their destination using the most efficient route.

Let's talk about that for a minute. Our traffic grid is designed for maximum efficiency, no sarcasm, operating in multiple directions, right? Allowing taxi drivers to move to and from the airport with maximum freedom for most customer satisfaction and helps to alleviate congestion for drivers.

So let's stay here for just a minute if I can. Mr. Chairman, Members of the Board, I'm going to walk behind you.

So, at this time, this is a snapshot off of my phone, right? You can see there's congestion on the 15 here, but you can also see there's congestion here on this Swenson connector, right? So, at any time of day, traffic is changing. There's accidents. There's congestion. There's construction. There's [audio cut][inaudible] in this area, right?

And so, to say to every single driver, when you exit T1 you must make a left turn down Paradise or Swenson and a left turn down Tropicana, we all know what those roads look like in the morning, the morning commute for us locals trying to cross those arterials. Many times I go straight down Flamingo all the way from Summerlin cause it's faster, and having to cross down Flamingo or Tropicana in the morning, and we're telling every driver you have to go that route?

Now, the point is it's going to change. Any time of day the different activities that are going on, we need to give drivers who are in real time the ability to make these decisions. This is my recommendation. So, let's talk about Rideshare in Nevada. Authorized in 2015, TNC Transportation Network, aka rideshare or ride hailing.

Here are the latest numbers from the NTA, 39,651
permitted TNC drivers. Assume 75 percent operate in Clark
County. That's about the ratio of Clark County population to
the rest of the state. So that means Clark County TNC's
alone, 29,738. Assume for a moment, let's give the benefit of
the doubt, every single one of those TNC drivers drives for
both companies. That's 14,869 unique cars.

So, what do we have? 3,530 approved taxis versus 14,869 rideshare cars operating. This is my estimate. So, you have your three little taxis, and for every three little taxis you see what happens. This was the market before TNC. Before

2015 there was actually less taxis at that time. There was I think 2,800-ish.

Now, the response can be well just match rideshare. Put 14,000 taxis out there. Would that help the market? Would that help the drivers? Would that help congestion? I think the answer is no. Here's the impact. These are calendar year numbers, 27 million trips in 2015 down to 17 million trips. That's a large decline. Focus on the decline.

I'll tell you this. 17 million trips were given by this industry. The way this town thrives and survives is off of our tourism, and people have to move around. Industry needs to be stable. This industry needs to be here. They move millions of people every single year up and down the Strip and from the airport into the surrounding areas.

So, what are the benefits to the arrival of rideshare? I know in this room the viewpoint is maybe none. But in my view, it has spurred investment, competition and the drive towards modernization. The industry deserves huge credit that never gets talked about. They spent millions of dollars developing hailing apps. They moved towards a more centralized dispatch.

There are smart meters with GPS. Some of those smart meters have a scarcity model. You can actually click a button and it will tell you where there are no taxis. They should go

there, right? It tells you go here, and you'll get a ride.

It's got audio and visual communication.

So, they've improved driver simulating or drive training. Take a trip to YCS. They have a beautiful simulator. They deserve being called out there. They're training their drivers on an actual driving course. They are more focused on customer service. I think you'll hear them talk about that more than they ever have.

And this word coopetition, right, collaboration between business competitors. They've come to the table to bring you these proposals. They've sat around and they talked about these things more than they've ever talked to each other I would be willing to say.

So, here are some of the apps, Kabit operating here, Curb operating here. Picture of the DT5. There are other meters, there are other apps. But the point is this industry is modernizing and this idea that they are still operating in a 1980 or a 1970 model just isn't true.

So, let's address the two 600-pound gorillas in the room, okay? So, the rideshare is cheaper. Like we hear this all the time. Okay, so using a website called Rideguru. This is not my data. So, Rideguru, all I did is I put in T1 and I said I wanted to go to Mandalay Bay. At this time of day it said take this route. This is what Rideguru is saying. Don't

go down the Paradise connector and Tropicana, what are you a fool? It's congested. Take the tunnel.

So, this is what a third-party app is saying is the fastest way to arrive at this destination. And there is Lyft and there is Uber and there's the taxi, and it's \$10 more. So, let's talk about that for a second. Uber and Lyft are cheaper. At this time this is what the rate would be. We know Uber and Lyft, rideshare, they do price surging.

Just an interesting anecdote. I was sent a text yesterday in fact of a rideshare ride. It was \$120 in Las Vegas from Life is Beautiful to their home in Summerlin, \$120.

So, we talked about a race to the bottom. Should taxis race rideshare on price? Well there are some headlines to peruse. So again, back to arguments for a flat fare or zones. They provide taxi customers with certainty and transparency to and from the airport. It reinforces the regulatory model which is uniform rates and a level playing field. That's an important point.

How many times have we heard drivers say it's not a level playing field? That guy is long hauling and it's costing me my business. We've heard an argument that some certificate owners are telling them to long haul or allowing them to long haul. It's a level playing field under rates.

And I'll tell you just to stop on that point, at any point in time I will take that complaint and we will run with

it and we will bring it in front of this Board. I do not believe it's happening. I do not believe there is a certificate owner in this room who says it's in their long-term interest to continue to long haul and watch customers walk away.

It eliminates long hauling to and from the airport. That is certainly the goal. It allows drivers to use the most efficient route possible, reducing congesting and idle times. We know transportation is the number one contributor to greenhouse gases around the world, number one. So, maybe we should look at reducing congestion and idle times. Improve customer satisfaction and experience, restore customer trust equals the public interest requires action.

So in my view, that leaves us with two options, one flat fee is a proposal or zones. I think the status quo does not work. I think the status quo, as I've shown, presents problems. For me, these are sunny options. I use that image for a reason. Either way you go I think you're making a vast improvement.

Again, a reminder just to keep these numbers fresh, \$48, \$45, okay, that's important to remember. So, one option is a flat fee. These are the resort corridor properties that are within this one large zone. Or leans is that little box out there. It includes the Rio. It includes the Palms. It

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includes the Hard Rock. It includes Palace Station, all the way to the Stratosphere. So, resort corridor properties.

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It also includes - there are a number of hotels - and if I can, excuse me, sir, a number of hotels, they're not gaming properties in that quadrant. That's why it juts out that way. So that we're trying to account for all of the hotels as possible within this range, okay? This is the map.

So, what are the pros of this? Well it's a flat fee.

There's no - there's no confusion. You can market it \$24,

24/7, 24-hour town, \$24 to and from the airport. To the

industry's credit, they do not like this idea because they are

concerned about overcharging customers to the southern end of

the Strip. They've been very clear about that.

Their concern is that they have regular customers that they want to charge their regular customers an honest fare. And they are concerned that at \$24 it would be too high for that southern zone.

Another option, so again, one option is a flat fare. The other option are zones. So, this is a two-zone model. It makes a break at Harmon, so it includes the Harmon abutting properties. You go down to northern zone at \$26 and southern zone at \$20. It starts to account for a closer approximation of that distance and time, right? That's two zone options.

Three-zone option. This was goal line audible by myself.

I got word from some industry folks who were concerned. That

northern peak zone right there where it was going to be four zones. It was going to be a dollar more, and why are we creating a dollar more zone when in reality, these three zones would make it simpler? And I think we're all trying to drive towards that, work towards that, what is simpler for the customer, for the driver, provide more certainly is less zones I think is beneficial.

So, looking at this, what are we talking about? From Flamingo north to the Stratosphere would be one zone at \$27. Tropicana north to Flamingo would be \$23, and there's an important point I want to make here, if I can again, excuse me, sir.

MGM is right here and OYO, I think that's the old
Hooters, but this carve out right here for MGM, there's a
significant reason why the industry and I came to an agreement
on this was that when you come down Paradise and make this
left turn onto Tropicana, that right into MGM is a very easy
versus going to this light. This light, this intersection, at
the Boulevard, right, that's going to take more time.

And so, making this right-hand turn into MGM, it really gets the benefit of this lower zone. Any of these other properties you have to wait at the light. Hard Rock is straight down Paradise, so Hard Rock gets the benefit of this lower zone. Then you have, again, so Tropicana north to Flamingo, zone two, it includes the Orleans.

Then zone 3, again, there's no distinction between that orange and the pink, is zone 3. So, Flamingo north to the Stratosphere. So, this will include the Palms, it will include the Rio, it will include all of those resort properties, excuse me, up north, okay? So, again, questions or issues yet you want to - I'll just pause for a second.

SPEAKER: I just have one question.

WHITTEMORE: Yes, sir.

SPEAKER: On your concern about the south strip fare being much higher if you put it into a zone, so have you considered looking at either the zone fee or the meter fee and taking it lower or do you just want to eliminate that option?

WHITTEMORE: So, that's why we came up with this \$19 number to the lower zone. It is [audio cut][inaudible]. It is not always the case that it's going to be cheaper or faster for somebody to go down Paradise and go down Trop. In fact, it would tell you to go the 215 and get off. Now most drivers, they will not do that. It has just been trained out of their mind. No, I'm going to go down Paradise and I'm going to go down Trop and then maybe over Reno, that little street right there.

But the issue with that is it's not taking into account realistic road time conditions. And so, going the tunnel and just for clarity, the tunnel is longer, right? The tunnel is

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more gas, it's more mileage on the car, but it's shorter typically in time, not always because traffic changes.

But to answer your question, it's still important in my view to have that as part of the zone because then it provides clarity that any Strip resort corridor property is subject to a zone. It eliminates the idea that well I can still long haul to the south. \$19, it's a cap. It's a cap. Did that answer your question, sir?

SPEAKER: Just one last one.

WHITTEMORE: Yes, sir.

SPEAKER: So, there won't be an option. It will be just strictly zones.

WHITTEMORE: That is correct.

SPEAKER: You won't have a meter option.

WHITTEMORE: The meter will be on. This is an important distinction. The meter will be on, and this is important. If the meter is not on, the passenger does not know what's happening. Right? The passenger has been trained to "why isn't the meter on?" right? Nobody gets in a cab and says oh charge me whatever you want. No, we want a meter.

So, the meter has to be on, but it also signals that they're accounting for that trip, and that's an important point. If they turned the meter off and if we just said collect whatever you want, the state under the excise tax, we are not collecting a trip charge and the industry may not be

getting the [inaudible] owed on that trip, depending on the setup. So, the meter has to be on to account for every single trip.

Now, it's going to be very, very difficult for them to cheap with an AVI counter at McCarran. Additionally, that's what our enforcement staff does. We're looking at what's called the cheater light or the meter light. The industry calls it the cheater light. Okay, we're always looking at that, right? The meter should be on and engaged. If it's not, it's a violation.

And so, additionally, if you direct your driver somewhere different than one of an area within the zone, you're paying the meter, and so that's really important. Because this happens all of the time, okay? People choose different routes to go and want different stops. So what we are suggesting, and I am recommending to you is that you use these direct trips, and if a passenger requests a stop, they're on the meter.

That's the only way I believe to account for the fairness of the driver's time, the company's time, the passenger's time, and that's the model we have which is you want to take an hour stop at CVS, I'll pause for dispensary, et cetera. There's a convenience there, okay? And so how do we account for that time?

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So, this is one of those issues, Mr. Groover, that I would submit to you we are going to workshop to make sure that it is crystal clear. I think the intent here today is to create a broad direction, and if I can, I'm going to explain my recommendation here.

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So, my recommendation is a three-zone approach. Okay, it's better for customers; it's easy to understand flat rates. It's better for drivers with an approximation of actual cost of the trip. It accounts for driver's time, gas, mileage, et cetera. It's better for the industry to operate on a level playing field. You know what your competitor is charging, right?

We don't want a competitor that says oh, well Joe over there, that guy always long hauls, so we need to long haul. It's the steroid and the baseball problem. We want to eliminate that. It's a level playing field.

So, I would recommend to the Board a January 1 implementation. There's a lot of technology that needs to be updated. Now, I've heard from the technology experts at the various companies, and they're telling me their meters can do this. They are not concerned. The smart meters with GPS can do this, but they need to program it, and so we have to prepare and adapt that technology.

We need to educate the drivers and we need to create signage. This gives us time, either formal workshops to iron

some of these wrinkles out. I submit to you this is not perfect yet. It is not a panacea. It is a first step, right?

As to that point, six-month pilot program. So, this is a large shift. We all recognize that. So, we need to see what we learn without destabilizing the market further. So, I would recommend to the Board that we take a measured approach, a stepped approach on this which is give this a six-month pilot program. It may work. It may work exactly as we designed. It may not work, and we may need to reassess. But I think we need to be nimble enough to account for that.

This last point here, I want to be very clear about this. This has been discussed among certain members of the industry that a potential fund of \$.10 of every airport trip going to and from the airport would go towards an industry-marketing fund to be used at the airport. This is proposed. This is not something that I'm suggesting we charge or that we set a collection. Frankly, I don't think we have that authority under the law. I'd like to look into that more.

But this is something - again, the industry deserves kudos on. They're saying how do we tell our story better? And if we took \$.10 of every trip and put it toward a marketing fund, now we can advertise at the airport. So, every person coming down the escalator, right, understands what they're trying to do.

So, you know, what is the value that the riding public gets for a flat fare? I think we should always be concerned about the riding public. It's a simple rate, it's certain, it's transparent, and it's uniform. What we know about taxi drivers is they're professional drivers. This is not a gig economy. This is what they do. This is how they're trying to provide for their family.

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Enhanced safety, FBI background check on every driver, local and state SCOPE background check on every driver, we inspect every vehicle. There's no surge pricing. Okay, and then last and perhaps as important as anything else, it's a sustainable - we're trying to create a sustainable market.

Taxis provide millions of trips. This is an important economic transportation option in this county. We need to try and make it sustainable.

So, I think this was just kind of last cheeky point, don't gamble with your ride...flat fares to and from the Strip. The point is is there is - we want to dispel uncertainly about what that little black box in the front, now it's a smart meter, is going to say when they arrive. We want the customer to feel very comfortable.

They don't care which route the driver takes. The drivers by definition are going to be most efficient with their time. They're going to get them there as soon as they can and get another passenger going back or somewhere else.

Let the drivers drive; let the passenger sit in the back and relax knowing they have one flat fare and it's certain.

So, with that, I know there's a lot there. I went - I hope I didn't go too fast. I was trying to be judicious with everyone's time. But that gives you an idea of what the industry has come forward with in the last few months or I think it is. My recommendations to you are a reasonable - I think the industry has put a lot of time into it.

Again, we always reach out to the union. The union is here today. I hope you hear from them. But we always want to know what the driver thinks. So far, my understanding is that the driver feedback has been positive. I think they don't want to worry about this. They want their passengers to be happy. They want a bigger tip. So, one flat fare, right? So with that, I will end and then I'm available for questions obviously.

OLSEN: Board, any questions of the Administrator of the presentation?

HOLMES: I have a question.

OLSEN: [inaudible]

HOLMES: This is very [inaudible] and the way you presented it is smooth and digestible, very easy to understand. The only question I have is do you have any sense of how often the meter might be lower than the flat fare?

WHITTEMORE: So, this is a great question as to price. And so, when I put up the pricing recommendations, I knew in the back of my mind, KAPTYN, the individuals that provided this data for us, have looked at every trip that's on the DT5 meter. They can talk about how many in the industry are using it. It is a huge percentage of the industry, and again, this is not to denigrate the other systems. The other systems we are told can do exactly what that can't.

But what we have is price data for every trip, and what they're going to talk about is how did they arrive at the [inaudible] number so that the Board is very comfortable with those pricing assumptions.

I will tell you this. The bigger point for me is eliminating the driver's ability on that electronic trip sheet [inaudible] to charge \$40 with impunity because he's either looking over his shoulder to wait to get pulled over by one of my guys or rolling the dice that the customer is not going to complain. But in the meantime, that short view of I'm going to get \$40 on every one of these trips is not the long view, right?

HOLMES: No, I don't think you are addressing the question that I have. I get in the cab and I'm going to zone 1, \$19. And there's a little number sitting there that I can see, and the meter says \$12 when I arrive at the property.

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How often is that going to occur if the flat fee or the zone fee goes into - this is my question.

WHITTEMORE: Okay, great question. And it's an important question. If we are giving drivers the flexibility - if they're taking the tunnel, zones will be under that almost by definition but we already know that 40 percent of the time they're taking the tunnel, and again, that's not - you cannot look at that and say that's a long-haul. That's just not the case.

HOLMES: Right.

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WHITTEMORE: We don't get that many complaints. As it relates to surface streets, I think it's an issue we need to be sensitive to. How exactly that price is displayed so that the customer has confidence.

I think the bigger issue here is that transparency, so if I can, when you look at a rideshare, a ride hailing app, it's giving you a price, and I believe I can say that most people look at that and all they want to know is it a transparent price. I don't believe they are price shopping, i.e., oh, it's a surge right now; let's just wait another hour. I've never bought that. I think the passenger needs a ride, and whatever it says they're going to hit accept because they need transportation at that moment in time.

And so, for me, telling the customer in advance this is what the trip is going to cost puts them at ease. How we

wrestle with ultimately what that meter says and at what point does it flip to a zone, I think it's a great workshop issue.

The bigger issue for me is eliminating the high end.

HOLMES: Okay. I just wouldn't want a passenger to arrive at say Tropicana Hotel and the meter says \$12 and the taxi -

WHITTEMORE: Well I understand your point.

HOLMES: I'm just saying perception; it's all about perception.

WHITTEMORE: Understood. Understood.

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HOLMES: And the flat fees is a good idea, but there can't be too much difference between what the meter says.

WHITTEMORE: So, let's go back if I can. By definition, with the zone, whether you're in Dallas, whether you're in Denver, wherever you are, the short end of the zone is - you're always going to be overcharging that customer to some degree to the short end of the zone. But to the long end of the zone, you're not. You might be undercharging the customer. And so that's really the point cause these zones were designed to arrive at an average.

And I'm comfortable with the idea you're going to hear from the folks at KAPTYN when you look at the data, these were the average amounts, right, that we're looking at here to these destinations. And so, this is not just numbers thrown

against a dart board, that each of these represents millions 1 of trips and these millions of trips are telling us this is 2 what it costs to get to these areas. But it eliminates the 3 overcharging, right? It eliminates the long haul. 5 **HOLMES:** Okay, that's great, but can the meter say Zone 1 when the passenger gets in the car instead of a number? б 7 I think - okay, so you're raising a good WHITTEMORE: point. And I think this is something the industry and the 8 9 technology over the next 90 days we are going to want to be crystal clear before January 1 when does that zone amount pop 10 up so that the customer knows exactly what they're doing. 11 issue again that I suggested was when somebody wants to go 12 somewhere else before, right? How do we account for that if 13 14 there's not a meter? So, I agree with a lot of what she says on 15 GROOVER: 16 this issue, and one area that I see a problem in is that if somebody goes up into the Strip and the meter says \$14 and the 17 18 zone says \$19. You don't mind if I clear something up? 19 BELL: 20 The meter will be running -21 OLSEN: Come up to the table and identify 22 yourself, please. 23 BELL: For the record, Brent Bell [phonetic],

President of [inaudible] Blue Cab, Henderson Taxi and managing

member of Virgin Valley. And the folks from Kaptyn will

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elaborate on this more, but just to save some time here, the meter will be running in the background. It won't be shown. The rate won't be shown. The only thing that the customer will see is the flat rate.

Now if the customer now decides that they want to take another trip, then that meter will then - I'm sorry, not another trip, go someplace else than the flat rate destination, then the meter will show up and give them the fare.

HOLMES: Got it.

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BELL: So, they won't see that potential \$14 ride.

OLSEN: That will be communicated to the rider.

BELL: Exactly.

SPEAKER: I think that's the answer to her question.

HOLMES: Yeah.

OLSEN: Appreciate it. Does that answer your question, Mr. Groover? Anybody else have any more questions of the Administrator?

WHITTEMORE: If I can just to hit this point, in an ideal world, okay, and I think we might hear some of this today from some industry members, it is just a meter, and I will submit to you, long-hauling exists everywhere, and part of the problem is that we are forcing drivers down specific routes in cities all over America instead of allowing the

driver to take a route that's going to get the passenger there quickest.

It is within their - by definition, in their own self interest to get them there quicker. But if it's a longer route like it is in Las Vegas on the 215 to the 15, it is clipped more distance. And so, by definition zones are not perfect. Zones do not answer that question 100 percent.

What they do is they eliminate the long-haul, and this has been the experience in every city that's moving toward zones or has moved toward zones is that the closer end of that zone is not as good of an approximation as the middle, just like the back end of that zone is not as good an approximation as the middle. It's designed to encapsulate an area, right?

GROOVER: Let me say something here. You seem to be continuing to defend this. I think that the status quo is

WHITTEMORE: Uh-huh.

unacceptable.

GROOVER: I have talked to many acquaintances, people I meet, who don't know I'm a Board member, and I ask them, what are your experiences with the taxis in Las Vegas? A surprising number say they were long-hauled or used in some way or another.

My wife insists on using Uber. Well actually, she took a taxi once. They tried to long haul her, which you can't safety do with my wife, but the reputation of the taxi

industry is not good in Las Vegas. I'm sad to say this, but you have a bad reputation. We need to change that.

In fact, the thing that I like that you had at the bottom of your last page, your bullet, is you wanted some sort of tax for advertising at McCarran. Great. We need to tell the public that we have changed, that we are a new taxi industry and that things will be better.

WHITTEMORE: Absolutely.

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OLSEN: Any other questions of the Administrator at this point? Okay, I'm going to suggest a little bit of a break. When we come back -

WHITTEMORE: Oh, Mr. Chairman, I apologize.

OLSEN: No, that's okay.

WHITTEMORE: I will - my attorney will kick me in the shin. Sir, may I please admit this as Exhibit 1 into the evidence?

OLSEN: Yes, please.

WHITTEMORE: Thank you very much.

OLSEN: So admitted. When we come back, we have a list of interveners, and this is the order in which I'm going to call them up, and I expect everybody who signed up as an intervener at a minimum to be up at this table and give us your position and your understanding of this, everybody.

So, the order will be first up will be the LOA, Liberty
Owners Association. Next will be A Cab, then Lucky Western,

then Nellis, then Yellow Checker Star and then also ITPEU.

Now I repeat this. Everybody that signed up as an intervener will come up to the table and will speak. It's not going to be from the audience of okay, I have nothing else to add. You come up here and you put it on the record. Okay?

And another thing, we're going to limit you to three minutes, if you can. Now if you have a - if you can. Now if you can speed up - it you need more time let us know, we may have to if you have a presentation or whatever, just let us know, but I don't want everybody coming up here and trying to repeat and repeat and repeat.

I want to hear what you have to say for or against. I want to hear it succinctly and I want you to - you signed in as an intervener. You must come to the table and speak.

That's what I want clear and understood by everybody. Let's take about a 10-minute break. Thank you.

[Off the record]

[On the record]

OLSEN: We'll call this meeting back to order. I want to clarify something I said before. If - I know there's a couple of presentations and I know you can't do it in three minutes. Okay, I got beat up all the way out and all the way in. Okay, what I'm talking about is particularly during public comment, you know, don't be repetitive. I'm just trying to get it moving along so everybody has their chance to

say something, okay? So, with that said, Ms. Rushton [phonetic], you're up.

RUSHTON: Thank you. Good morning, Chair, members of the Board, Administrator Whittemore and Chief Aquino [phonetic]. For the record, I'm Kimberly [inaudible] Rushton with the law firm Cooper Levinson [phonetic], appearing on behalf of Delivery Operators Association.

Members of the LOA are specifically Little [inaudible]
Blue Cab [phonetic], Henderson Taxi, Virgin Valley [phonetic],
Desert Cab and Yellow Checker Star Cab Companies as well as
New Cab Co. [phonetic]. Joining me today are two of our board
members, our President, Mr. Brent Bell and Mr. George Balaban
[phonetic], both of which, Chairman, with your permission,
following the presentation by Kaptyn, they'd like to address
the Commission.

OLSEN: That's fine.

RUSHTON: Thank you. As noted, we filed a timely petition for [inaudible] intervene, and the objective was to participate in the Board's consideration of the proposed/flat rate. To be succinct, the LOA supports the idea, believes it is the right time to look at alternative methods or systems for determining a passenger's fare.

And for those reasons, we submit that it falls squarely within the parameters of your judicial authority under 706 and we support the Administrator's recommendation with respect to

the proposal to use a three-zone approach. Recognizing that the devil is in the details, there's still multiple facets that we need to go through and to sort out prior to the actual implementation.

But I would submit that this is overall a good thing for the traveling public, both in terms of the scope as well as the intent. The scope is narrowly defined to a very limited geographic area. It is intended specifically to provide members of the traveling public with the exact knowledge of what their fare will be.

And that's good for two reasons as articulated by

Administrator Whittemore. It's good for consumer confidence

and it's good for consumer protection. And most of all, I

believe it will address some of the issues that have been

ongoing with respect to the use of the tunnel.

And so for those reasons, we encourage you to move forward with the proposal, we encourage you to look at the specifics of how it will continue to benefit the traveling public and then thereafter go forward with the six-month pilot program and then if it demonstrates the success that we anticipate that it will, move forward with the actual implementation and adoption.

In addition to the points that I just raised, we've also, the LOA, did retain Kaptyn to analyze the data and the

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analytics specific to transportation in and around McCarran

Airport and through the Strip corridor.

With your permission, Chairman, what I'd like to do is introduce Chris Bordonaro and ask him to do the presentation on behalf of Kaptyn. Afterwards, Mr. Balaban and Mr. Bell will come up and address you, and as always, if you have any questions, we're happy to be responsive.

OLSEN: Okay, that's fine.

RUSHTON: Chris.

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BORDONARO: For the record, Chris Bordonaro with Kaptyn. Thank you, Mr. Administrator, Board Members, for allowing us to be here today, and we'll now give a presentation for you.

What we'd like to share with you are three different studies that we've done. One was for the entire Las Vegas Strip as Scott showed. One was for two zones, south and the north split at Harmon. And the third, at the time we had considered four zones. So we're going to show you some data, some average statistics, to those different destinations.

To start off, just to give you some statistics, and again, this study is just for [inaudible] and taxicab equipped companies, so that's going to be A Cab, Desert, Henderson, [inaudible] Valley, Yellow Checker Star and New Cab.

So, what we went ahead and did was pulled the total number of trips in any one period. So, this is from January

1st, 2019, through the end of August 2019. We saw a total of 1.2M tickets from McCarran Airport regardless of the destination ands 902,000 drop offs to McCarran regardless of the origin.

And then also some numbers from the McCarran website as far as the TMC rides. There were 2.2M pickups in the same time period, 2.7M drop offs to the airport. So, Lyft and Uber, TNC [phonetic] Rides account for only 44 percent of the pickups at the airport, whereas the taxis accounted for 57 percent of the pickups at the airport.

So, our first study here, and a couple things, when we talk about the monetary values of a fare for the total amounts, what we mean by that is the cash amount due by the passenger. So, we're talking a drop rate of 350, time, distance, the airport charge of \$2 currently.

We're also going to look at it when it goes into effect January 1st of 2020, the \$2.40. There's no credit card fee in that, and excise tax is also included in that amount. So, when we say fare, when I'm talking about fare will actually be the total amount for the purpose of these studies.

So, this is the entire Strip, so of all these of one million trips, that accounts for 85 percent of all the trips that we picked up at McCarran ended up in this zone, and this zone is defined - this is what we saw - by Scott earlier all the way up to the Stratosphere, as far south as Sunset. It

does include the Hard Rock. It includes the Orleans, the Palms, Rio, Gold Coast and then also Convention Center and West Gate.

So, we're seeing an average of \$24.38 total fare, cash due by the customer, to the zone as a destination. When the [inaudible] goes up to \$2.40 that comes out to \$24.79. That's an average. There's also some other stats up here. The average distance is 5.7 miles. The average duration of the entire trip is 14 minutes. We're seeing wait times that we're charging on the meter as five minutes. Then 1.8 million passengers that we serviced to this destination.

As far as the distance, going back to the airport from the zone back to the airport, we were applying the same 25.15 percent variance between pick-ups and drop offs that we saw in the initial numbers. So, we're estimating that, of people going back from the zone to the airport would be about 768,000 trips with an average fare of \$22.32.

SPEAKER: Chris, if I may?

BORDONARO: Yes.

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SPEAKER: To account for that difference, that's the difference in the airport.

BORDONARO: Correct.

SPEAKER: Yeah, so the difference between the total trip regardless of the destination. And we're just applying that same factor.

BORDONARO: I'm saying that second column doesn't have the \$2 posted.

SPEAKER: Oh, no, no, it does not, no.

BORDONARO: That does not apply.

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SPEAKER: Yeah, it doesn't apply right so it's not in the [inaudible].

BORDONARO: Right. You can interrupt at any time.

SPEAKER: Most of the time. Just interject that.

BORDONARO: We also went ahead and broke it down in \$5 increments. So, in the \$10 to \$14.99 range, we've got 38,000 trips in there. In the \$15 to \$19 range, there's 275,000, so you can just kind of from these numbers you can kind of get an idea where most of our trips are taking place.

If no one else has any further questions on this, we'll move on to the next study. So, this is looking at the Strip broken out into two zones. So, this is the north Strip [inaudible] down to Harmon and the adjoining abutting of Harmon Properties. So, out of all the McCarron trips, we're seeing 47 percent of the rides to this zone, actually could you just go back one second?

I just kind of want to convey why we chose to split the Strip. So, here's a larger view. So, if the pink is our north, green is our south, of all the daily trips that we see in these two zones, 55 percent we're seeing to the north and 44 percent we're seeing to the south. So, when we talk about

splitting the Strip and where to split it, that's essentially why we chose to split it at that point, so it's evenly distributed.

So, that's our study. So, 47 percent of all the McCarran pick ups came to the north zone. That's 564,000 trips, an average of \$26.89 with the airport fee the way it is now. And the projected average total is \$27.30. But and also when it comes to factoring - well I guess we'll get into that. We'll just keep going. Then again, this is broken down by \$5 increments, so the majority of the rides are going to be in that \$20 to \$24 range, 160,000 trips.

And then moving on to the south, so we're seeing 38 percent of all the McCarran pickups are happening in this zone. You can see most of those are more to the north part of the zone. So, this heat map is indicating where we drop passengers off just to kind of get a sense of where we're taking people.

SPEAKER: Chris.

BORDONARO: Yeah.

SPEAKER: If you want to go back up and show just some of those columns to the right and just can we take a deeper dive in the north so total it by range, right down there where you were on the bar graphs.

BORDONARO: Oh yeah.

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SPEAKER: Right here. So, the price point is important here. How many of those trips were over \$25?

Right, the \$25 to \$29 range, 117,000 trips. In the \$30 range, 142,000. So, that's important to keep in mind when you're looking at what is the point of these numbers, right? Cause the higher end is being eliminated.

SPEAKER: Scott, so this number is based on the McCarran fee being added in. I know the credit card fees are not added here.

BORDONARO: Yes. Yeah, the \$2 is -

SPEAKER: Is added into this?

BORDONARO: Is in there, yes.

SPEAKER: And then when it becomes \$2.40 our average trop would be \$27.30 as opposed to \$26.89. Then in the south Strip we have 461,000 trips to the south with an average of \$21.31 with a \$2 fee with the \$2.40 fee, we're at \$21.72. And then assuming the 25 percent difference between pick up and drop off, we should see a \$19.25 rate from that zone back to the airport.

And then here's the breakdown in \$5 increments. So, \$10 to \$15 we've got 38,000. 195,000 in the \$15 to \$20 range, 118,000 in the \$20 to \$25 range, over \$25, 77,000. Any more questions?

SPEAKER: No. These - this money is based on theoretical things, not on actual metered trips.

BORDONARO: No, sir. So, the origin, so all the trips that come from the airport to this zone, this is the actual statistical average. The only thing that we are assuming is that because in our very first slide we saw 25 percent of the trip that came from the airport go back to the airport. We're making an assumption on the destination of the call. But the origin trip, that \$21.31 you're seeing right here, those are — that is the actual statistical average.

SPEAKER: And so, it's coming from the meters in actual trips.

BORDONARO: Yes, yes.

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SPEAKER: So, this includes long-hauling as well.

BORDONARO: So, we did - George, did you want to make a point about that?

BALABAN: When we commissioned this study -

OLSEN: Step up to the table, George, please, and identify yourself.

BALABAN: George Balaban, Desert Cab and a member of the LOA. When we commissioned the study, we realized that in any of the zones, anything off the airport, could be a natural egregious long-haul or a charter or somebody which we saw a lot of these where people are going to multiple dispensaries, and we'll have rides that are \$80, \$90, \$100. Those are - we have no intention of those applying as flat rates if someone's going to go on a \$100 ride.

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25 | 117,000.

So, everything under \$10 and everything over \$50 we just eliminated all of those rides in this study. So, there's no charters or egregious. We would consider that [inaudible].

SPEAKER: Thank you.

BORDONARO: Then on to our last study, this is where we're breaking the Strip out into the four different zones.

Here is our north Strip. So, the very north Strip and we're cutting it off by - is it Spring Mountain?

SPEAKER: Desert Inn.

BORDONARO: Or Desert Inn, sorry. Desert Inn to the Stratosphere, including Palace Station, West Gate and the Convention Center, we're seeing 6 percent of all the trips from the airport are coming up to the zone, so that's 70,000 trips with an average trip of \$1.41. And then we put that up into \$5 increments. We've got \$15 to \$19, there's 11,000 of those. The \$20 to \$24 range we've got 20,000, 21,000. Even the \$25 range a few over \$30, \$30 to \$39, 17,000 trips.

And then the mid-north Strip. So that's going to be Desert Inn down to Flamingo including the Palms, the Rio and the Gold Coast. So, that accounts for 31 percent of all the trips. That's 379,000 trips with an average of \$27.36. And then when we break that out, we're seeing \$15 to \$19 and there's 36,000 trips [inaudible], \$20 to \$24 we've got 117,000, \$26 to \$29 74,000 and then the \$30 to \$35 range,

And then out mid-south strip we have 29 percent of our rides are coming to the zone. I don't believe that includes any other properties. Oh no, it does. So, this also includes the Orleans. That's 353,000 trips with an average of \$23.16. On the way back it should be about \$21.10. And then when we look at that breakdown, we're seeing 137,000 trips in that \$15 to \$19 range and then far fewer in the \$20 to \$25 range.

And then last, on the very south part of the Strip, we've got Hard Rock, the MGM property, and everything else down toward Sunset. So, that's 19 percent of all the trips.

That's 223,000 with an average fare of \$19.98. And then the breakdown. Is there anything anyone wants to go back and review?

OLSEN: [inaudible]

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SPEAKER: I just have a question. Did you consider when the Raiders Stadium opens, the properties south of the airport? Is that a consideration or not at this point?

SPEAKER: I'd like to answer that question.

SPEAKER: Okay.

SPEAKER: Absolutely. The Raider Stadium is contemplated to be part of this.

SPEAKER: Okay.

SPEAKER: We will notice that at a future agenda. We did make this agenda specific to resort properties, but absolutely.

SPEAKER: All right.

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OLSEN: Any questions?

SPEAKER: That's it unless anyone wants to see any of the data again.

RUSHTON: Chairman, with your permission I'd like to move to admit the deck into the public record. Thank you.

And again, I'd be happy to answer any questions. Otherwise,

I'd like to invite Mr. Bell and Mr. Baladon forward to answer any questions that you may have.

OLSEN: Any questions of Ms. Rushton? Okay. Welcome, gentlemen.

BELL: Thank you. Good morning, Mr. Chair, members of the Board, Administrator, members of staff. For the record, once again, Brent Bell, President of Liberty Operators Association, Whittlesea Blue Cab [phonetic], Henderson Taxi and managing partner Virgin Valley. To my right, George Balaban, my partner in Virgin Valley, and also President of Desert Cab.

First, I want to thank Chris for all of his work. It's been a lot of work, especially in the last week as we've constantly worked to provide you folks with the presentation that you deserve to give you all the details that we've provided. And Chris has been fantastic, so the rest of the folks have been.

I also want to thank or actually compliment the Administrator. He managed to take several workshops literally, I don't know, several - gosh 53 phone calls, several meetings and encapsulated it all into a very precise, eloquent presentation for you all. I think he did a fabulous job, so thank you for all your efforts there, Scott.

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I have to admit when we started this, I think we started in June, and the Work First workshop was in July. I was pretty skeptical, I'm sure, just like several of the members in the industry behind me were. And the more we talked, the more that I became a believer in this transparency that we're trying to achieve here.

And I think for quite a while I was probably in the minority. I was even a minority in my own company. Our Vice President and our long-time General Manager disagreed with me at some point, but as we continued to work through this, we continued to realize that this is - this is the time to make a change. We cannot continue to lose the kind of trips that we're losing to the TNC's as the Administrator mentioned.

One of the reasons why the industry hasn't done this in the past is because we didn't have the technology in the past. If my colleague, Jonathan Swartz [phonetic] from Yellow Checker Star was in the country, I'm sure he would get up here and he would tell you about how things went bad with zones in Cleveland, which they did. He'd be absolutely right.

There was so much manipulation of the zones by the drivers and any place that has tried it, those problems were worse than the long-hauling problems that we have today. But thanks to smart meters and the folks at Kaptyn and CURB, we can now implement zones successfully without the zone manipulation that has gone on in many different cities that have given those cab industries a bad name.

So, the word of the day I think is transparency. And George will speak for himself, but as far as Whittlesea goes and Henderson Taxi, we're in support of the three-zone system and in support of the Administrator's recommendation.

Just to give you a little bit of background, some of you may or may not know, we looked really hard at the flat rate as the Administrator talked about. There were several members in the industry, including myself, that were very skeptical of that. We liked the idea of how simple it was and easy to advertise, but we didn't like the idea of how expensive it was to the shorter zones and also on the flip side, the further away destinations, we didn't feel that the \$24 rate was appropriate either.

So, then we went to a two-zone system which we thought would probably solve some of the problems, and then the more we talked about it the more we realized that really the threezone system is going to be the best system for the consumer and serve the resort corridor as well. So, that's our

position, and if you have any questions, we'd be happy to answer them. I'll turn it over to George.

BALABAN: So, Chris, if you can go to that - just the south zone all the way to the bottom. So, what I wanted to show you was is that as we did this study, so the - again I'm working on - we're proposing that this was not going to take place until January, and in January the airport is going to charge 40 more cents, the rate is going to go up.

So, if you look at the projected average total there, it's \$20.39 which is just the actual total, which was \$19.98 above it, and we added .41 which is the .40 increase at the airport plus the one cent excise tax. So, that, Board Member Thompson, while that's not an actual number, it's using actual data and adding 41 cents to it.

The return is basically an estimation of the drive we believe to go back to the airport from our study which is like 75 percent, just hitting off the \$2.47 cause you won't get charged that on the return ride. Then what we tried to do is so again, as we're trying to set a rate into that zone, we got \$20.39 for 200,000 of the rides and we've got a lower rate of roughly \$18.00 for the return ride.

So, if you hit the little calculator button here, this is what it does for us. It basically does a combined average fare, and if you look at the projected which is the one to the right, that is what our projected average is going to be

taking into account all the rides off the airport and the return rides and it gives us a rate down there of \$19.03, so that's where we got the \$19 zone rate.

We basically looked at, again it's an average of the averages. The averages off, the averages back. So, it's allowed us to lower the average off the airport because the ride back is cheaper, so that's how we got \$19.

And if you were to look at his presentation and calculate it in every zone, that's how we got the \$19, the \$23, and in the two northern zones, because we did this study as a fourzone study, the third and fourth zone, one of them was at \$27 and the other one was at \$28. We just decided to combine them altogether and make that \$27.

BELL: And that was decided yesterday.

BALABAN: Decided yesterday. The \$28 zone we thought having a one-dollar difference didn't make much sense, and that most northerly zone in all reality is not that heavily traveled of a zone. If we spin up and look, the north zone had 70,000 rides in it and the zone below it, that was the \$28 one, the one below it has 400,000 rides into it.

So, we basically said, let's just charge \$27 to all of that. We also took into account that Resort World isn't open yet, but Resort World would be in this zone, that \$27 zone, so we kind of feel comfortable that this would be a fair number.

So, that's again where the numbers that Scott was presenting are coming from.

There was an actual calculation done to come up with those numbers, and I wanted you to understand that. And to Mr. Thompson's question about the long-hauling and all that, we tried to eliminate all of those outlier rides because we don't think those have anything to do with the average, obviously, so that was how the study was done.

OLSEN: Board, any questions?

SPEAKER: I have one question on the increase fee from McCarran of .40 if I heard Mr. Balaban correct. We're paying an additional excise fee of one cent on that? Is that correct? Why are we -

SPEAKER: Three percent of whatever - three percent of the increase fee will pay an excise tax on it, so the excise tax is on the entire fare including the airport fee.

SPEAKER: So, we tax the tax.

SPEAKER: The state of Nevada, yes.

SPEAKER: Yes.

SPEAKER: Yes, we do.

SPEAKER: Yes, we do.

SPEAKER: 3 percent of .40 is 1.2 cents, so that's the -

SPEAKER: Well to be clear, the \$2.40 is not a tax. That's a fee that McCarran charges us.

[crosstalk] 1 SPEAKER: I was hoping that nobody would say that. 2 It is a tax on a tax, yes. SPEAKER: 3 4 SPEAKER: Thank you. 5 OLSEN: Thank you, gentlemen. Ms. Rushton, does that complete it for LOA? б 7 Yes, sir, and as always, we're happy to RUSHTON: answer any questions. 8 9 OLSEN: Again, any questions of Ms. Rushton? Thank you very much. 10 SPEAKER: Okay, thanks. Okay, next up is A Cab. 11 OLSEN: Step on down. Where you at? Oh, there you are. 12 Just me today. Morning, Board, Chair, 13 MALLOY: 14 everybody. My name is Mike Malloy with A Cab Taxi and Mr. Nadie [phonetic], the owner of A Cab Taxi is not here. I'm 15 sure he'd have some very interesting things to say today, but 16 I'll limit it to this. We're in support of a zone program to 17 18 end the long hauling. We're excited to see where this goes. And we're just happy to be able to take part in this and we're 19 20 prepared to implement this plan on January 1. 21 OLSEN: Okay, any questions, Board? All right, 22 thank you for your time. 23 MALLOY: Thank you. OLSEN: 24 Okay, next up is Lucky Western. There she

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is.

DANTE: Hello, Desiree Dante on behalf of Lucky and Western Cab. We're just extremely happy that this issue is being addressed today, as it's long overdue. Mr.

A[inaudible] apologizes that he couldn't be here today, but I know that he had numerous long conversations with

Administrator about his concern which is having one zone north to south, and how that one zone would affect those short rides, Hard Rock, MGM, and he thought the one zone would clearly be too expensive for those riders.

So, therefore, based upon the presentation today, we recommend and support the Administrator and the rest of the industry and the three zones. That's clearly best for the riding public and our industry. We just ask for adequate time to implement those zones into our system, and at the end of the six-month pilot program, that there be a review of the data collected by the TA so that any changes or adjustments could be made accordingly.

SPEAKER: I have one question. And how long do you think it would take you to adjust your program?

DANTE: Our vendor, CURB, is here today, I believe that January 1st is a reasonable target, but once we figure out exactly how you guys envision this process happening, they could answer that probably more clearly than I.

OLSEN: Thank you. Next up is Nellis. Welcome.

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PINO: Hello everybody. My name is Jaime Pino.

I'm the Director of Operations for Nellis Cab. I want to

thank you for all the work you did in the research. A couple

of things I just want to bring to your attention.

You're talking about transparency here and actually, I was one that I was in favor of the two-zones and I realized I've been in this business a little bit, and I realized the more zones that you add is the more ways that you get drivers to manipulate with the zones, and I know drivers very well. I deal with them every day. I'm the type of guy that I'm in the yard, in the shop, everywhere. I talk to them.

To me it will be - it's just my idea. It should be one. Why? In other cities, and I did a little bit of research, to have one zone from the airport, if you go from the airport in San Francisco to the district it's one flat rate. Our Strip is not even five and a half miles long from the Mandalay Bay to the Stratosphere which does not even compare to the other cities. It's much larger, the square miles, that they have in other cities.

I think that we need to be very cautious about - I know we're going to discuss this in workshops and stuff like that, but if we really want to send a good message to the public, it would be very easy for a driver with - I mean for the passenger, whatever they came from to say I'm going to Caesars, one flat rate. I'm going to the Stratosphere, one

flat rate. I heard discussions that they would say well, you know, [audio cut][inaudible] from the airport to the MGM.

I'm here to tell you that you have three types of different datas. You have KAPTYN, you have the TA data and numbers, I'm talking about number of trips, fares, I have my own data when I look at my trip sheets. The long haulers, that's what they charge when they take the tunnel and go into the airport, \$24, \$25. Some people complain, some people don't complain.

Times are changing. Everybody want to do the same thing, and I know that we are all on the same page here, we want transparency, we want our industry to come up to become successful. We lost so much in the past three years, and I think transparency should be something that we should focus, and how do we do this is by making things simple. You keep making - you keep coming up with numbers and data and zones and three zones and two zones, and I think it should be - that's Nellis position one zone should be sufficient. Maybe the most, two zones. But we can't compare Vegas with other cities either because we are 24/7.

Now the technology, Mrs. Holmes asked about technology and how it was going to work, my vision is, and this is an idea that I am just throwing at you, that when a passenger gets in a cab, he should be able to punch where he's going.

He's going to Caesar; it's not going to say Caesar. Where are

you going, to the Strip? Punch a simple button and the meter will read whatever the number everybody agrees which is \$24.

Okay, let's say it's \$24, everybody agree. Well, you know, you're ripping off people when you go the MGM for \$24 [inaudible] to the SLS, we're going to charge \$24 for people that goes to the Stratosphere, so I think it's the first workshop you had I think you explained it very well. You're going to lose here, but you're going to gain here. So, it's a give and take type of deal.

And I think a lot of this is getting more complicated as we going by by throwing up numbers, data, we already know what the prices are. We have a bad reputation. We need to do something that we can send a message to the public in the United States that we going to charge one flat rate. People don't have to worry about anything. They get in the cab; they know they're safe and they go wherever they're going and somehow we're going to bring the industry back.

So, to me, I do agree with the one zone. If it has to be two, I'll just caution you that the chances that you give the driver to manipulate the system. You need to think about it. Drivers will find a way to do it. And they will. You can ask him. They will find anywhere. So, with this one zone I think it will be better as far as for Nellis Cab, and everything should be more simple. I'm only saying it should be simple. We make it more difficult than what it is.

We are willing, for the flat rate, we support the flat 1 rate, Nellis Cab does. We want a change in our industry, we 2 support that this is also should be a pilot so we can try it 3 in case because we are not perfect, something might not work 4 5 out, we could fix it and technology - so far you have Kaptyn technology, you seen - I don't know if you've seen our б 7 technology. We should work it among the industry to be in compliance 8 9 with you, whatever you want from our technology we will provide it, we will be in compliance. And I think simplicity 10 is the answer to become what we used to be. 11 That's it. 12 OLSEN: Anybody have any questions? Okay. I have one, sir. What meter do you use? What type of meter? 13 14 PINO: We use the meter and we also use Verifone [phonetic]. We use the old meter. 15 16 OLSEN: Okay, so -The Centridyne [phonetic] meter. 17 PINO: 18 OLSEN: Is the Centridyne meter capable of being programmed to handle fares? 19 20 PINO: Yes, sir. 21 OLSEN: Excuse me, flat rates? 22 Yes, sir. PINO: 23 OLSEN: Whether zones, one zone or three zones or

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whatever?

1 PINO: Yes, because they are combined with a curve, they work together. 2 All right, very good. 3 OLSEN: And if it comes to the point that we have 4 PINO: 5 to change our technology, there's plenty of technology out there. What we have to do we have to do in order to survive 6 in this industry. So, it's not an issue. You give something 7 today and tomorrow you get it back. That's the way I was 8 9 taught by my ancestors. So, thank you very much. Thank you, sir. Okay, next is Yellow 10 OLSEN: 11 Checker Star. Good morning, [inaudible] Mark Gordon, on 12 GORDON: behalf of Yellow Checker Star and New Cab. We are also a 13 14 member of the Livery Operators Association. And we are in support of the three-zone approach. We are in support of the 15 16 recommendations made today by the Administrator, and my comments are well within the three minutes. 17 18 OLSEN: I lift the three minutes on you. Now if Jonathan was here, we'd still be going. [laughter] 19 20 GORDON: Maybe, maybe not. I talked to him, so he 21 said keep it short and it's okay. 22 Okay, any questions? Okay, thank you, OLSEN: 23 sir. Okay, last but not least, Ruthie, bring up the ITPEU. Welcome. 2.4

Good morning.

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JONES:

OLSEN: Good morning to you.

JONES: It's the morning, right?

OLSEN: It is, yes.

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JONES: Yeah, I'm Ruthie Jones [phonetic], preferably Ruthie, ITPEU, Local 4873, Rep for the Yellow Checker Star and Henderson Taxi Drivers, and this is Mike Kilgo [phonetic], a 20-year driver, representative, the other representative in the union office also, so we were talking about the zones and everything else.

And we did a survey with many drivers to see. You have some that feel it's a promotion of the TNC, but the majority of them like it because the young man that I had with me was my Chief Steward, Henry Zakowski [phonetic]. Anyway, 31 years driving, never long-hauled, never, and he'd find cheaper routes and then what exists and what it told is a cheaper way to get from point A to point B. He finds cheaper routes to take his customers. He is one that is professional all the way.

So, we have some drivers that will naturally test the system and not do the proper thing, but like Nellis was saying that drivers will find a way, businesses will find a way, so the drivers are not the only ones out there that are seeking to find a way around the system because you got so many businesses that trained them how to do it, so we can't just

make the drivers the villains without the company throwing in businesses.

But the three zones we feel that with the pilot program that you have in place that's going to be reviewed in six months, we feel that is more of a fairness we think with the drivers and with the low books and stuff that they [inaudible] low books that they have to deal with, hopefully, this will give a little bit of balance to, you know, everyone involved and then it would diminish, won't eliminate it altogether, but diminish the long-hauling to a significant point, you know.

So, we are willing to go ahead and support that and give it a shot, and in six months we'll all know how well it worked out. But because the [inaudible] that was here had an emergency at home and he had to leave, but he appreciates the fact and he really resents the fact when he hear everyone it appears that all the drivers are just being lumped and taking advantage of customers.

You have the older ones, the ones that got more experience ones, they love their customers, you know, they are considered the ambassadors of Las Vegas, and they take pride in that, you know, so we can't lump them all in one category.

You got lease drivers, and many lease drivers have had an impact on the employee driver because they feel the rules and regulations don't apply to them, you know, and you have a lease that you must pay. Then the following week you got to

pay that lease again, so where we haven't may have assumed that we may have quite a bit of debt, so that's going to have an impact on that hopefully, you know.

So, the TNC, we can forget it because, you know, you got drivers saying when are you going to get rid of them. Like ants and maggots, forget about it. It's not going to happen. There's no - there are no cap on them. I mean they can just - and in addition to that, due to them being a part of our industry here, they have others coming in that will take their vehicle, go on the Strip and get extra money, you know.

So, it's like, and then the drivers have to contend with all of these unprofessional drivers out there, and that has been created because they feel there's a free market to do it thanks to the TNC, so they got everything out there, everybody opening up their business, and I'm pretty sure no one in my complex here that I don't believe have anything before the NTA, but they got their own business going, picking up customers, you know.

Probably have no license, no nothing, so it's quite a bit, and the drivers have been impacted to no end. Many drivers are being subsidized. We ourselves have places where we send our guys to get food, and one of my chief people was telling me that he is being subsidized by his sister. He's not goofing off. He's out there working hard, you know. But

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you got every - so we have plenty of transportation out here to take care of the traveling public.

So, my thing is the traveling public we are concerned about and we definitely are concerned about our drivers cause 8824 should have apply to the driver. It should say the customers and the drivers. So, this seems that it may put a little bit of balance here, you know, hopefully. Hopefully, it makes us look better.

It makes drivers that want to be professional drivers and do it the right way, but meanwhile you get gigged with a hook, so hopefully this will put a little bit of balance in the industry. We just have to see what happens. Six-month pilot should give us some indication, you know.

Now, this is the thing too, Mike that we hit on when we were talking to some of the drivers. What about the Boulder Station and all of those - and downtown? Downtown is very busy.

SPEAKER: If I may, Mr. Chairman.

OLSEN: Yes.

SPEAKER: So, this was a focused approach. While it's focused, it's a very big step and it encompasses 85 percent of the trips originating at the airport. So, it is a very big step. I think before we look at downtown, before we get other areas, we need to view this very cautiously. We

need to be measured in our approach, and that's why we wanted it to be focused on the Resort Corridor.

I think there's plenty here to talk about. I recognize your comments. There is lots of room to talk about the rest of the valley, absolutely.

JONES: Okay, well we understand that you want to see how this is going to work out.

SPEAKER: Absolutely.

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SPEAKER: Ruthie, I have a question. Mike, you've been a driver for how long?

MIKE: 20 years.

SPEAKER: 20 years. And with the majority of these trips originating from the airport and going to the Strip Corridor, in your opinion do you think that will be substantial to stop the long hauling?

MIKE: I think it will greatly reduce it. It won't totally eliminate it, but also I've heard a lot about transparency which I think is a great thing, but I think this pilot program will also help in improving our image which I think is very important as the Madam earlier said I think you were trying to point out there may be some losers in the flat fare. I still think there will be a great many more winners than losers.

So, simply put, I fully support this and the majority of the drivers I spoke with support this approach.

JONES: Yeah, and the zone, another comment that you made which was a good one there we didn't even think about that. What's going to be displayed to the customers? It should be the zones only because, you know, unless they deviate and go somewhere else then it's just the meter, but otherwise, just like you said, the zone.

SPEAKER: And I believe that was clarified towards the end of the presentation.

JONES: Yeah. So, anyway we are here to support it and see how it works out and hopefully it benefits both sides of this equation here, the drivers, definitely the drivers as well as the customer.

SPEAKER: The customer, company and the drivers.

JONES: Yeah.

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OLSEN: Anybody have any questions?

JONES: Oh, and by the way, one more thing.

OLSEN: Yes.

JONES: I can appreciate the effort of major deterrent in long-hauling, but the sad part about the whole thing is you have drivers that have been hit with long-hauling where the customers have agreed to the manner and destination and the route that the drivers take if it gets them there quicker or whatever, but when they are stopped by the TA, many times it's seeing that they're not going to have to pay nothing, you know, they say they didn't agree.

So, it puts a damper, so if you guys can find a way to 100 percent know that this driver definitely has taken advantage of his customer, I don't have an issue with it, but it's the waivers that we have that a lot of times it's not as it appears to be.

SPEAKER: I'd be happy to answer that, Mr. Chairman.

So, every side of the coin has got two sides, right?

JONES: Yeah.

SPEAKER: And to there's a driver's side and there's the passenger's side. It is not adjudicated by me, it's not adjudicated by the Chief, it's adjudicated by an independent hearing service, and the idea is, right, that they can crossexamine them, and they can present evidence and testimony.

And any time they feel that they didn't get a fair shake and they believe their story was not adequately heard, they have the right and I would encourage them to appeal that to the Board so that it can be given another look. But I'll tell you this, I want to get away from -

JONES: We don't condone all that.

SPEAKER: This is not what as a regulatory agency the public safety issues that you've raised as I've stated at several previous meetings, that's what I want to focus on.

There are imposter vehicles that are driving around this town that are offering rides to people. Those drivers are unvetted and the vehicle is unvetted. It is a public safety risk

across the country. It has had disastrous results around the country.

My officers and officers in the NTA take those imposter vehicles very seriously and we pull them off the road. So, if you ask me what would I rather do and what would Chief rather do and what would his officers rather do, they would rather focus on the public safety aspects of pulling those unlicensed vehicles off the road and keeping passengers safe. So, I appreciate your comments. We will always try to do the appropriate thing. And I hear you.

JONES: We got to find a way to let the guys know that they - how they can find some way to protect themselves because nine times out of 10 when they're challenged on a long-haul citation, they don't have any proof, but just their bosses and they don't feel that that's adequate.

SPEAKER: Thank you for your time.

JONES: Thank you for your time. We appreciate

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OLSEN: Thank you both.

JONES: Did I do my three minutes?

OLSEN: Oh, I think you were about a minute and a quarter.

JONES: Thank you, guys.

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OLSEN:
                        Is there anybody else who would like to
 1
    step forward and speak on this issue? Just fill up three
 2
    chairs here, it's okay.
 3
                        Rich Flaven [phonetic], for the record,
 4
         FLAVEN:
 5
    Deluxe Taxicab Service, President.
                        Mario Lacasha [phonetic], Operation
 б
        LACASHA:
             There's been a lot of work done on these diagrams.
 7
   Manager.
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    Thank you for Kaptyn for the work you've done.
    Administrator was sitting here and watching. I've been in the
    meetings with you, myself, Deluxe Taxi and Total Support.
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11
    far as my meters, my meters are smart meters. We're in the
   process of looking at three other meters and we might make
12
    some change on that. So, it's on the record, Deluxe is in
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14
    support of the three zones.
                        Wait, wait, wait, any questions, Board?
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         OLSEN:
    Okay. Mario, you want to add anything?
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                        No, I think it's a great idea.
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        MARIO:
                                                         I'd like
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    to reiterate that earlier you said Tropicana $12 and the zones
    and the meters. These numbers are going to come in within 60
19
20
    to 80 cents, give or take.
21
                        Okay, that was a hypothetical. I just -
         SPEAKER:
22
                        No, no, I'm just saying that there is no
        MARIO:
23
    $12 Trop, that I know you're just running numbers cause -
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         SPEAKER:
                        Just I was.
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MARIO: Right. Trop, MGM, MGM is a lot quicker is it, but by the time you add ABI's fee and by the time you add your county tax you're within 60 give or take. And it's going to benefit everybody. Is it going to be an open and closed case, and everything is going to be great? No, but it's going to be a lot of winning, and I was a driver for 20 years, and I could tell, Ruthie, they're going to be okay, better than what they have now. And the public is going to be okay, better than what we have today. That's all I want to say.

SPEAKER: One of the things that we discussed amongst us is because it will be the flat rates, we actually think it's going to, with the three zones, will bring more ridership to the taxis. That's been our position.

SPEAKER: And the test pilot is always going to be an option and a door open to get better or go this way or go that way, so we tweak it better.

SPEAKER: So, we're just looking for the information to work with the qualified people that we got to make this transition as simple as possible.

OLSEN: Again, any questions, Board?

SPEAKER: No, Mr. [inaudible] but we had looked at this, what two and a half years ago with the Administrator Rogen [phonetic], however we had different fees set for every hotel I believe, right? And I think the zone concept is much

better. It's easier to deal with, it's simpler, and I think 1 drivers, and everybody will have a much better understanding. 2 3 SPEAKER: I agree. And as I said I had met behind the scenes 4 SPEAKER: 5 with the other owners and I'm in total support of this. Thank you. And for the record, we've been б OLSEN: 7 working on this for several years. I've seen that. And to see all the charts 8 SPEAKER: 9 and all the things that Kaptyn has done. It's changed. 10 SPEAKER: 11 SPEAKER: Yes, we're in. OLSEN: All right. Thank you, gentlemen. 12 Anybody else wish to step forward? 13 14 SPEAKER: Mr. Chairman? 15 OLSEN: Yes. 16 SPEAKER: I wanted to comment on one comment that Rick Flaven made about hoping that it will increase ridership. 17 18 We need to make this public knowledge somehow. I don't know how, but we need to advertise it and tell them that we have a 19 20 new dispensation for the cab industry. 21 OLSEN: Agreed. Okay, seeing nobody wanting to 22 step forward I'm going to pull it back to the Board for 23 discussion. What we're looking at here is, correct me if I'm

wrong, Mr. [inaudible], three options, status quo, three zone

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or two zone, right?

SPEAKER: In addition, sir, the flat fee was an option presented.

OLSEN: Oh yeah, so we got one zone, two zone, three zone or don't change anything. Okay? So, let's start at your end.

SPEAKER: Okay, about the flat fee, two zones, three zones, to be honest I don't have or really care about these. We need zones, no question about it. Three zones would be fine. I understand Nellis Cab's concern and I would suggest that if we do zones, which it looks like most people are for, we need to watch carefully, and I don't quite know how you're going to do that, but we need to examine carefully what happens in that six-months trial period.

So, I support this wholeheartedly and I've said several times we need to advertise this, we need to get it out to the public. And we need to see how it works. We may change the number of zones and it's the future.

OLSEN: Ms. Holmes.

HOLMES: I think the three-zone format seems to be the most fair deal for the public and for the drivers, and I think it's easier to market it because it looks fair on the face, and I think - I agree with you. I think marketing is the key and it should involve all the media and some kind of a campaign like it's a new decade, a new era for the taxicab

business. Somehow marketing experts could take over and design a campaign. It needs to get out there big time.

OLSEN: Mr. Groover.

GROOVER: I like the fact that we're down to three zones and not four zones. It makes it easier. Flat fee is a consideration, but looking at time, distance traveled and everything else, the congestion, I think it may not end up being fair in the end. So, I'm pretty happy with what they've come up to at this point.

OLSEN: From my perspective, the simplest way is a one zone. There's no doubt about it, however, I agree with you that it may not be the fairest way to do it. I think that going to a zone system, and I'm leaning towards the three, it's a simple charge. It's simple to educate the public when they're coming in from out of town.

There are no surcharges, which to me surcharge is nothing more than unregulated long hauling. It's a more fair and level playing field from my perspective. I also believe and it was brought up earlier that we need to look at expanding these zones in the future should we task one of them today and include downtown, I think that's important.

I think we need to have a real sit down with all these lease drivers who do believe that they are not covered by the regular rules and regulations. They are, every bit of them.

They have to abide by them. I think that this is the best way

to get a handle on the illegal long hauling which is nothing less than criminal, and I like Mr. Administrator, your proposal about how to discipline these drivers.

I'm fully in support of them being revoked if they do it more than once, frankly. And the other advantage we have, the taxi industry has, and I think it's important to get that out in the advertising, is that these drivers are truly vetted drivers, as opposed to any other vetting that goes on in other driving venues. So based on that, I will entertain a motion to accept the three-zone recommendation under a six-month pilot.

HOLMES: So moved.

OLSEN: Okay, we have a motion for three zones.

Is there a second?

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GROOVER: I'll second that motion.

OLSEN: The motion is seconded by Mr. Groover.

All in favor going to three zones under a six-month pilot, say aye.

[ayes around]

OLSEN: Opposed? Passes. Thank you very much.

And we will now, unless we need to take a break, I think we can go on to Agenda Item 5. Anybody need a break?

SPEAKER: No.

SPEAKER: I'm ready.

25 | SPEAKER: No break.

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OLSEN:
                        No break? Okay.
1
                        Mr. Chairman, if I can, on the record, I
 2
         SPEAKER:
    think we need to clarify that it takes effect January 1.
 3
 4
         OLSEN:
                        Yes.
 5
         SPEAKER:
                        I'm not sure that I heard that.
         OLSEN:
                        No, you did not. You're right, it is and
 б
 7
    so that we know, do we need to make another motion?
 8
         SPEAKER:
                        You may just want to do a second motion.
 9
         OLSEN:
                        Okay, we need a motion then for three
    zones, pilot program beginning January 1.
10
                        I will so move.
11
         THOMPSON:
         OLSEN:
                        Okay, thank you, Mr. Thompson.
12
                        I'll second.
13
         GROOVER:
14
         OLSEN:
                        And a second by Mr. Groover. All in
    favor, aye.
15
16
         [ayes around]
                        Opposed? Passes. Thank you for bringing
17
         OLSEN:
18
    that up.
                        Okay, I can breeze through your report and
19
         SPEAKER:
    the Chief's report, okay, if that pleases the Chairman.
20
                        Let's just breeze through it.
21
         OLSEN:
22
                        Okay. I'll continue here if we can.
         WHITTEMORE:
23
    Administrator's report is going to be very brief.
                                                        I do want
    to recognize an individual from the industry, Mr. Ray
24
25
    Chenowith [phonetic] of Nellis Cab Company. I understand Mr.
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Chenowith passed away and tragically his daughter, Natalie, also passed away I believe on September $21^{\rm st}$, so if the Chairman would allow, I'd like to read his obituary into the record.

OLSEN: Yes.

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WHITTEMORE: Raymond Chenowith, a Las Vegas resident, passed away at 85 years of age Monday, September 2nd, 2019. He was born to Ray and Lucille Chenowith in St. Louis. Ray moved to Las Vegas from southern California in 1960 and founded Nellis Cab Company in 1962. He started with one taxicab and grew the business to be one of the largest in Las Vegas.

In keeping with the entrepreneurial spirit, he also founded several other businesses over the years including Ambassador Limousine. Ray showed great generosity to his friends, family and business associates. He was a passionate collector of classic cars and a true lover of animals.

Ray's guidance, generosity and loyalty will be greatly missed by his family, friends and the communities he served.

He will be remembered as a man with a great sense of humor and a big heart. He was a kind and loving husband, father, grandfather and great-grandfather, dearly loved by all who knew him.

He is survived by his wife of 58 years, Elaine, daughters Rebecca, Michelle, Lisa and Natalie who passed away on September 21, including nine grandchildren, five great

grandchildren and a sister, Tina Silva. He was predeceased by daughter, Candace. In accordance with Ray's wishes, there will be no services or ceremony.

I just want to say on behalf of us collectively, our hearts go out to his wife, Elaine, the Nellis family for what they're going through. If you ever get a chance, this book, John L. Smith, Vegas Voices, this was a gift from Mr. Groover to me on his birthday. But there's a great chapter in here about Ray Chenowith and talking about the old days of Las Vegas and his experience in the industry.

But I imagine Michelle and the family would have loved to have been here today, but they are going through immense tragedy, so our thoughts and prayers are with them.

OLSEN: Condolences from the Board.

WITTEMORE: Thank you.

OLSEN: Okay, let's move on.

RUEBEN: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman, members of the Board, Rueben [inaudible], Chief Investigator for the Nevada Taxicab Authority, just really quick, a couple things I want to mention in regard to 2020, upcoming events. We have the EDC Concert and the big news there is the fact that they sold out within hours or at least 90 percent of the tickets sold out for the 2020 event that's coming up.

OLSEN: Wow.

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RUEBEN: So, if those numbers stay last year, we had 450,000 people in attendance, three-day event, which consisted of approximately 150,000 people at the Raceway for this particular event. So, here in the next few months we'll be meeting with all the partners in the community, specifically Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, in regard to the special event planning of this extremely large event. I've also been hearing rumors that 450 is going to get topped, another record-breaking event.

The other thing I want to talk about and all of you have heard about is the National Football League Draft, okay. The dates on that is April $23^{\rm rd}$ through the $25^{\rm th}$, so the town is going to turn into one big party town.

The Administrator and I have met with representatives of the NFL as well as the Raiders, and we assured them that we'll share the information and any of the resources that we will be able to provide to them and we will be happy to [inaudible] slated for other scheduled meetings in regard to the transportation, obviously in this case, taxis, and so we'll be providing them with the information to assist in the NFL draft for next spring as well as looking forward to the NFL season that actually begins next season as well.

So, those are two important meetings that have just occurred. So, stay tuned for that.

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And then the last thing, anytime I get a chance to talk about staff, specifically my important staff, they're just doing a yeoman's job out there. We have our limited resources, but we're working smarter and enforcing smarter, utilizing our resources from the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, the Department of Public Safety, as well as our partners, brother and sisters over at the Nevada Department of Transportation.

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WHITTEMORE:

So, we are continuing our efforts in locating and apprehending, impounding uncertificated carriers which is there is an uptick in that activity. I think it's going to increase, and we continue our efforts to enforce so if you have any very specific questions, I'd be willing to try to answer them.

OLSEN: Any questions from the Board. Okay, seeing none, thank you. Anything else, Mr. Administrator?

No, sir.

OLSEN: All right, moving on to Agenda Item 6, Report from Legal Counsel.

SPEAKER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. There is some pending litigation right now, but as far as the status updates; there is really nothing new to report.

OLSEN: Any questions of the attorney? Okay,
Agenda Item 7, open up public comment again, anybody wish to
step forward? Please identify yourself.

BROWN: I'm Michael Brown and I'm the Director of Business and Industry, and I want to welcome you here today, thank you for your public service. I spent the last six months since the Governor appointed me running this Department, working with Scott and his team, and I have to tell you they are some of the finest people we have in state government and it's been a pleasure to work with them. And welcome and look forward to working with you on issues going forward.

OLSEN: Thank you very much.

BROWN: Thank you.

OLSEN: Any questions of Mr. Brown? Oh, that's right, it's public comments. My attorney keeps me honest.

Anybody else for public comment? Ruthie, you coming up?

JONES: Yes.

OLSEN: Okay, come on down.

JONES: Ruthie Jones. I just wanted to say I found that presentation very informative [inaudible] flat rate it appears that that may be something in the industry that will build a proper balance to the private and make sure and I feel that this would even enhance their pride in what they're doing [audio cut][inaudible]. So, I just wanted to say we'll see how this works out and say something positive has to come about.

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1	OLSEN:	Thank you, Ruthie. Okay, anybody else?
2	Seeing none, Agenda	Item 8, we'll move for adjournment.
3	Motion to adjourn?	
4	SPEAKER:	I'll make a motion to adjourn.
5	OLSEN:	For a minute I thought everybody wanted to
6	stay here. All righ	nt, we have a motion.
7	SPEAKER:	I will second that motion.
8	OLSEN:	All in favor of adjournment. We are
9	adjourned. Thank yo	ou.
10	SPEAKER:	Thank you, sir.
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